Exam 1 Review Topics

Exam technical details

- When: Monday, October 3rd in class
- Seats are assigned
- Up to five pages of notes allowed
 - 8.5x11 paper (double sided is fine). Typed or handwritten.
- No electronic devices
 - Including calculators, watches, iwatches, phones, laptops, tablets, ...
- Multiple choice
- Can grade as you exit the exam

Objects and Classes/Review of 1323

- What is an object?
- How do you create one?
- What is a constructor and how do you use one?
- What is a method and how do you use it?
- What is the state of an object?
- Trace through a program's execution

Object Oriented Design

- Abstraction and Encapsulation
 - Abstract away the implementation details
 - Users of your classes shouldn't need to know the implementation
- Aggregation
 - Has-a
- Immutable vs mutable classes

UML

Know how to interpret and compare class diagrams

- Hierarchies, abstract classes, aggregation
- Listing all variables and methods properly, including visibility and static/instance

Input/Output

- How to read a line from a BufferedReader?
- How to parse the resulting String?
- How to interpret substrings in terms of ints and doubles?
- Using System.out.println()

You should be able to recognize the syntax of opening a file vs System.in, but you won't need to generate the syntax

Inheritance and Polymorphism

- What does it mean to inherit from a superclass?
 - What methods and variables can you access?
 - Is-a relationship
- Overloading versus Overriding
 - Overloading has the same name but different parameters
 - Overriding overwrites the superclass method (same name and parameters)
- super keyword
- Polymorphism allows you to use super and subtypes in reference declarations

ArrayList

- Array lists give you non-fixed arrays
- ArrayList<E>: ArrayList of a particular type of object
- Know how to use, including
 - Initialization
 - Adding items
 - Getting items
 - Iterating through the items

Exception and Error handling

- What is an exception?
- Why do you throw one?
- Exceptions versus Errors
- Exceptions that need to be caught versus not
 - RuntimeExceptions versus other Exceptions
- Try/catch/finally

Abstract Classes and Interfaces

- How does an abstract class differ from a regular superclass?
- Why use abstract classes?
- How do they differ from Interfaces?
 - Why use an interface?
- Comparable vs Comparator

Not on the Exam

Java Generics and later topics

- I will not ask you to parrot back elements of the Java API
 - But you do need to be able to recognize and interpret the most common elements (that we have used)