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$$C = A \& B;$$

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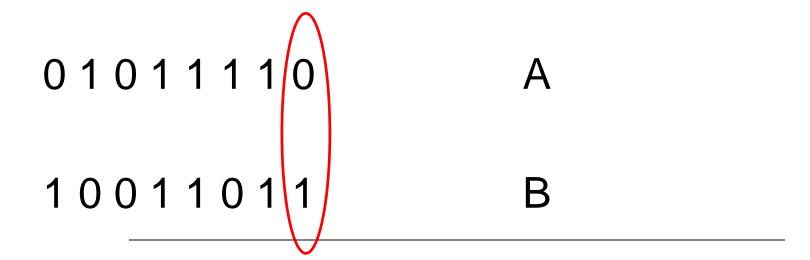
The corresponding bits of A and B are ANDed together

01011110 A

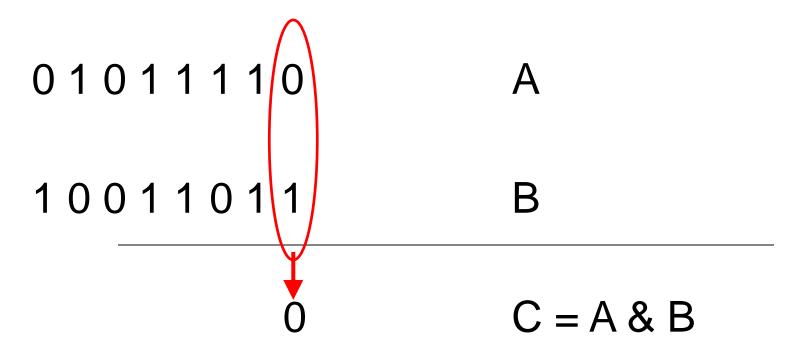
10011011 B

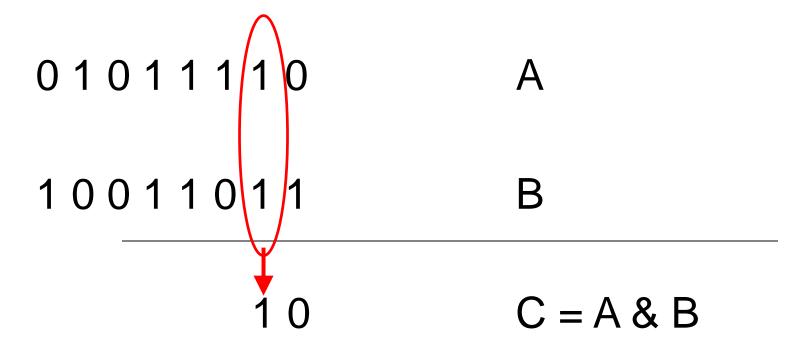
?

C = A & B



$$C = A \& B$$





01011110 A

10011011 B

00011010

C = A & B

01011110

A

10011011

В

$$C = A \&\& B$$

01011110



10011011

В

???

$$C = A \&\& B$$

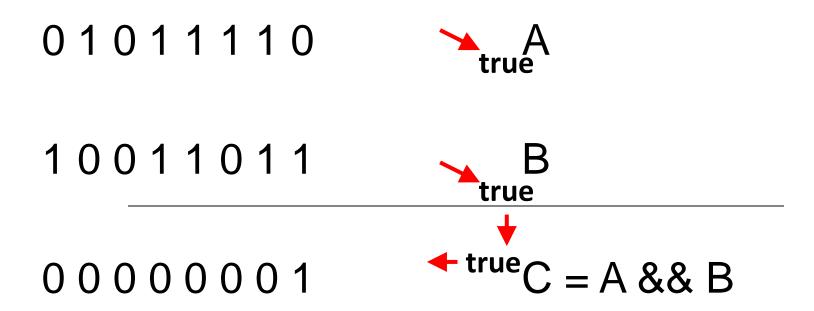
01011110



10011011

???

$$C = A \&\& B$$



NOTE: we are assuming an 8-bit value

Representing Logical Values

Most of the time, we represent logical values using a multi-bit value. (e.g., using 8 or 16 bits). The rules are:

- A value of zero is interpreted as false
- A non-zero value is interpreted as true

Representing Logical Values

A logical operator will give a result of *true* or *false*:

- false is represented with a value of zero (0)
- true is represented with a value of one (1)

Other Operators

LOGICAL		Bit-Wise
• OR:		
• NOT:	!	~
• XOR:		^
• Shift left:		<<
Shift right:		>>

When coding: keep this distinction straight

Putting the Bit-Wise Operators to Work: Bit Manipulation

Assume a variable A is declared as such:

What is the code that allows us to set bit 2 of A to 1? (we start counting bits from 0)

Bit Manipulation

What is the code that allows us to set bit 2 of A to 1? (we start counting bits from 0)

$$A = A \mid 4;$$

Bit Manipulation

What is the code that allows us to set bit 2 of A to 0?

Bit Manipulation

What is the code that allows us to set bit 2 of A to 0?

$$A = A \& 0xFB;$$

or

$$A = A \& \sim 4$$
;

Bit Shifting

What are the values of B and C?
What mathematical operations have we performed?